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CLAIMS:

- 1. A device manufacturing method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) providing a polished silicon substrate having a background portion and one or more target portions, said background and target portions having Si-H bonds on the surface;
 - (b) irradiating said one or more target portions using a patterned beam of radiation and in the presence of oxygen to provide a layer of silicon oxide on said target portion(s);
- 10 (c) reacting at least a part of said background portion with a first composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1-alkynes;
 - (d) removing said layer of silicon oxide from said target portion(s);
 - (e) reacting one or more target portions with a further composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1-alkynes, to covalently attach said one or more compounds to said target portion(s).
 - 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein step (e) comprises irradiating said one or more target portions in the presence of the further composition, using a patterned beam of radiation.

3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, which method further comprises repeating step (e) one or more times, each repetition being carried out at one or more different target portions and in the presence of a further composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1-alkynes, each further composition being the same or different,

- 4. A device manufacturing method comprising the steps of:
 - (a1) providing a polished silicon substrate having a background portion and one or more target portions, said background and target portions having Si-H bonds on the surface;
 - (b1) reacting one or more target portions with a further composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1-

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alkynes, to covalently attach said one or more compounds to said target portion(s); and

- (c1) reacting at least a part of said background portion with a first composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1alkynes.
- 5. A method according to claim 4, wherein step (b1) comprises irradiating said one or more target portions in the presence of the further composition, using a patterned beam of radiation.
- 6. A method according to claim 4 or 5, which method further comprises repeating step (b1) one or more times, each repetition being carried out at one or more different target portions and in the presence of a further composition comprising one or more compounds selected from 1-alkenes and 1-alkynes, each further composition being the same or different.
 - 7. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein one or more of the target portions has in its surface a part of a transistor structure.
- 20 8. A method according to claim 7, wherein said silicon substrate comprises 10 or more target portions, each having a part of a transistor structure in its surface.
 - 9. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said first composition comprises one or more compounds of formula (I) or (IA):

$$(CH_2)_n - X - (CH_2)_m - R'$$
 (I)

$$=$$
 (CH₂)_n-X-(CH₂)_m-R' (IA)

wherein n and m independently represent an integer of from 1 to 36; X represents a single bond, -O-, -S-, -C(O)-O-, -O-C(O)- or an unsubstituted C₂ - C₄ alkenylene or alkynylene group containing one or two double and/or triple bonds; and R' represents hydrogen.

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10. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the further composition comprises one or more compounds of formula (II) or (IIA):

$$=$$
 (CH₂)_n-X'-(CH₂)_m-R" (IIA)

wherein n and m independently represent an integer of from 1 to 36; X' represents a single bond, -O-, -S-, -C(O)-O-, -O-C(O)- or an unsubstituted $C_2 - C_4$ alkenylene or alkynylene group containing one or two double and/or triple bonds; R'' represents hydrogen or a group selected from halogens, cyanide groups, carboxylic acid derivatives including esters and amides, alkoxy groups, thio groups, amines, including mono-and di-alkylamines, hydroxy groups and receptor derivatives which are capable of interacting with a chemical or biological substance.

- 15 11. A method according to claim 10, wherein R" represents an oligosaccharide or an oligopeptide which is capable of interacting with a chemical or biological substance.
 - 12. A method according to claim 11, wherein said further composition comprises a compound of formula (IIIA) or (IIIB):

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which is optionally protected on the saccharide units with protecting groups, wherein n, m and X' are as defined in claim 10.

- 5 13. A device obtained or obtainable by the method of any one of the preceding claims.
 - 14. A device comprising:

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- a polished silicon substrate having a background portion and one or more target portions, at least one of said target portions having a part of a transistor structure in its surface;
- an organic monolayer which is directly coupled to at least a part of the surface of the silicon substrate by covalent bonds, said organic monolayer comprising receptor compounds, each of which is capable of interacting with a chemical or biological substance, in area(s) which cover the or each target portion having a part of a transistor structure;

wherein the part of a transistor structure combined with the organic monolayer containing receptor compounds forms a field effect transistor.

15. A device according to claim 14, wherein said silicon substrate has 2 or more,20 preferably 10 or more, target portions.

- 16. A device according to claim 15, wherein the monolayer comprises receptor compounds of a first type in an area covering a first target portion, and receptor compounds of a different type in an area covering a second target portion.
- 5 17. A device according to any one of claims 14 to 16, wherein the monolayer in the area covering at least one target portion comprises one or more oligosaccharide or oligopeptide derivatives.
- 18. A device according to claim 17, wherein the monolayer in the area covering at least one target portion comprises an oligosaccharide derivative of formula (III)

- wherein n, m and X' are as defined in claim 10.
 - 19. Use of a device according to any one of claims 13 to 18 as a sensor.
- 20. A method of coupling an oligosaccharide or oligopeptide derivative to a polished silicon surface, which method comprises reacting a compound of formula (VI) or (VIA):

Oligo—O—
$$(CH_2)_m$$
— X' — $(CH_2)_n$ — CH = CH_2 (VI)

Oligo—O—
$$(CH_2)_m$$
— X' — $(CH_2)_n$ — $CH \equiv CH_2$ (VIA)

wherein Oligo represents an oligosaccharide or oligopeptide derivative and n, m and X' are as defined in claim 10, with a silicon substrate having Si-H bonds at its surface,

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substantially in the absence of oxygen and in the presence of heat or UV or visible radiation.